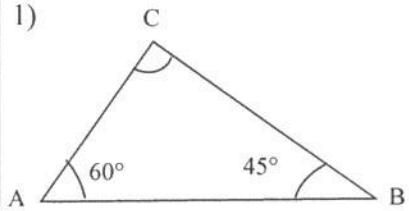
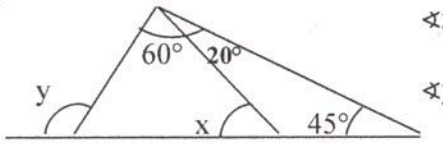
EJERCICIOS: PROPIEDADES DEL TRIÁNGULO.

1)



∢C = ☐

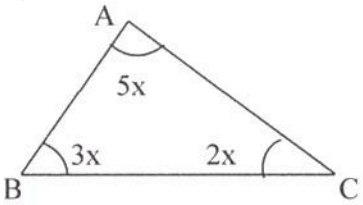
2)



∢x = ☐

∢y = ☐

3)

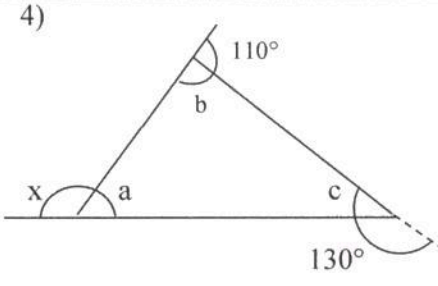


∢A = ☐

∢B = ☐

∢C = ☐

4)



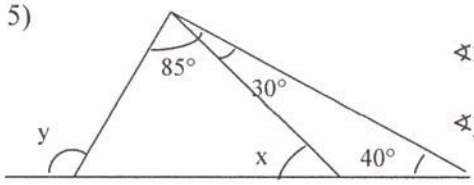
∢x = ☐

∢a = ☐

∢b = ☐

∢c = ☐

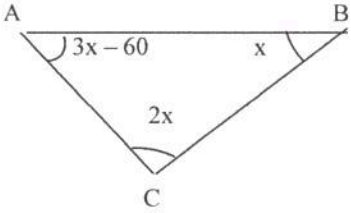
5)



∢x = ☐

∢y = ☐

6)

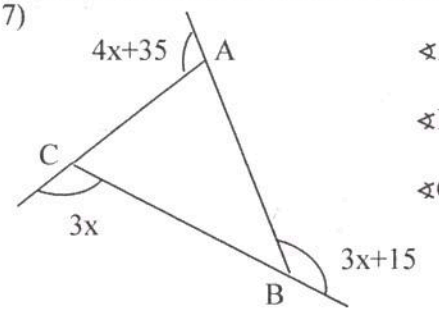


∢A = ☐

∢B = ☐

∢C = ☐

7)

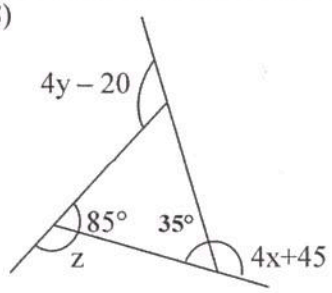


∢A = ☐

∢B = ☐

∢C = ☐

8)

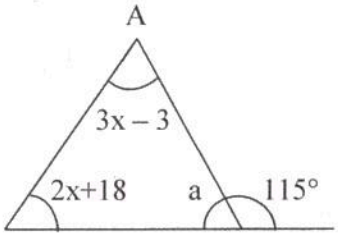


x = ☐

y = ☐

∢z = ☐

9)

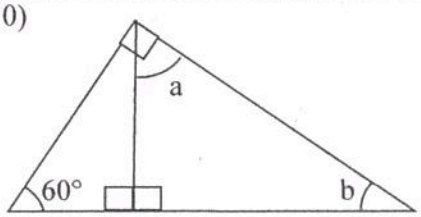


∢a = ☐

∢A = ☐

∢B = ☐

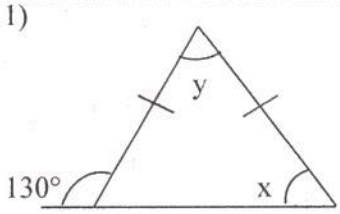
10)



∢a = ☐

∢b = ☐

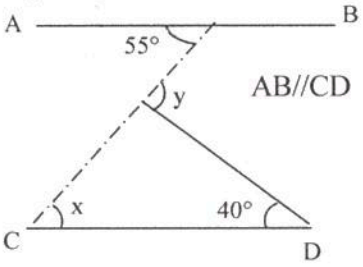
11)



∢x = ☐

∢y = ☐

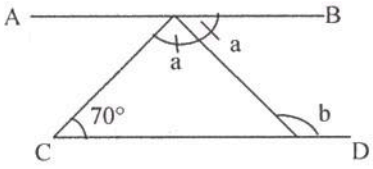
12)



∢x = ☐

∢y = ☐

13)

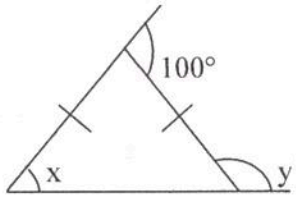


∢a = ☐

∢b = ☐

AB//CD

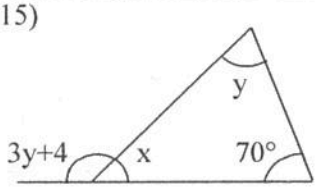
14)



∢x = ☐

∢y = ☐

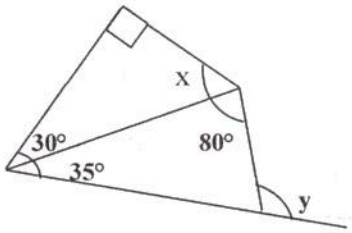
15)



∢x = ☐

∢y = ☐

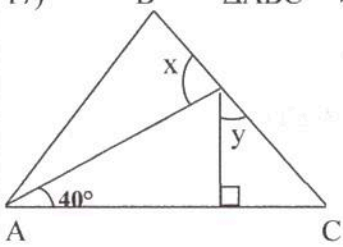
16)



∢x = ☐

∢y = ☐

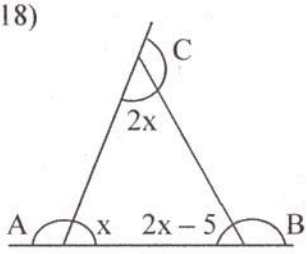
17) B ΔABC ⇨ Equilatero



∢x = ☐

∢y = ☐

18)



∢x = ☐

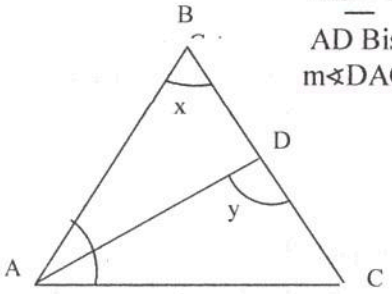
∢A = ☐

∢B = ☐

∢C = ☐

Recuerda: Una BISECTRÍZ es una recta que divide a un ángulo en dos partes iguales

19)



$\overline{AB} = \overline{BC}$

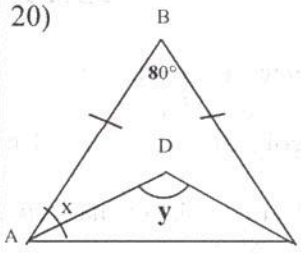
$\overline{AD}$ Biseca $\sphericalangle A$

$m\sphericalangle DAC = 28°$

$\sphericalangle x =$ ☐

$\sphericalangle y =$ ☐

20)



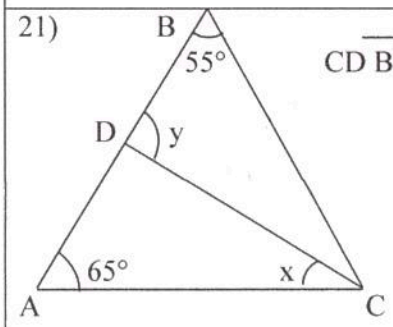
$\sphericalangle x =$ ☐

$\sphericalangle y =$ ☐

$\overline{AD}$ Biseca $\sphericalangle A$

$\overline{CD}$ biseca $\sphericalangle C$

21)

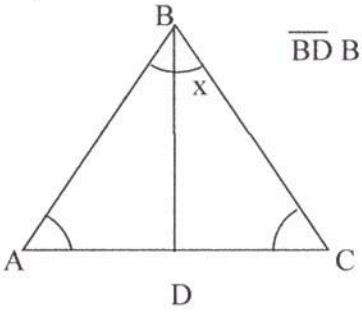


$\overline{CD}$ Biseca al $\sphericalangle C$

$\sphericalangle x =$ ☐

$\sphericalangle y =$ ☐

22) ΔABC es equilátero



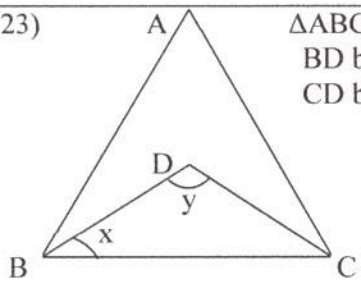
$\overline{BD}$ Biseca $\sphericalangle B$

$\sphericalangle x =$ ☐

$\sphericalangle A =$ ☐

$\sphericalangle C =$ ☐

23)



ΔABC es equilátero

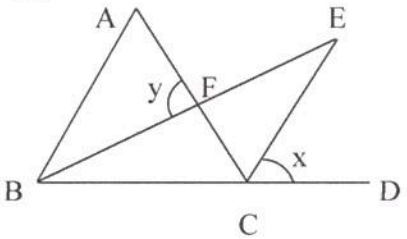
BD biseca $\sphericalangle B$

CD biseca $\sphericalangle C$

$\sphericalangle x =$ ☐

$\sphericalangle y =$ ☐

24)



$\sphericalangle x =$ ☐

$\sphericalangle y =$ ☐

$\Delta ABC \Rightarrow$ Equilátero

BE Biseca $\sphericalangle B$

CE Biseca $\sphericalangle ACD$